

# Instability of Pedestrian Flow in 2D Optimal Velocity Model with Attractive Interaction

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# Introduction

## Pedestrian flow

- Social / Engineering Interest  
Ship or Building evacuation
- Physical Interest

To understand pedestrian behavior



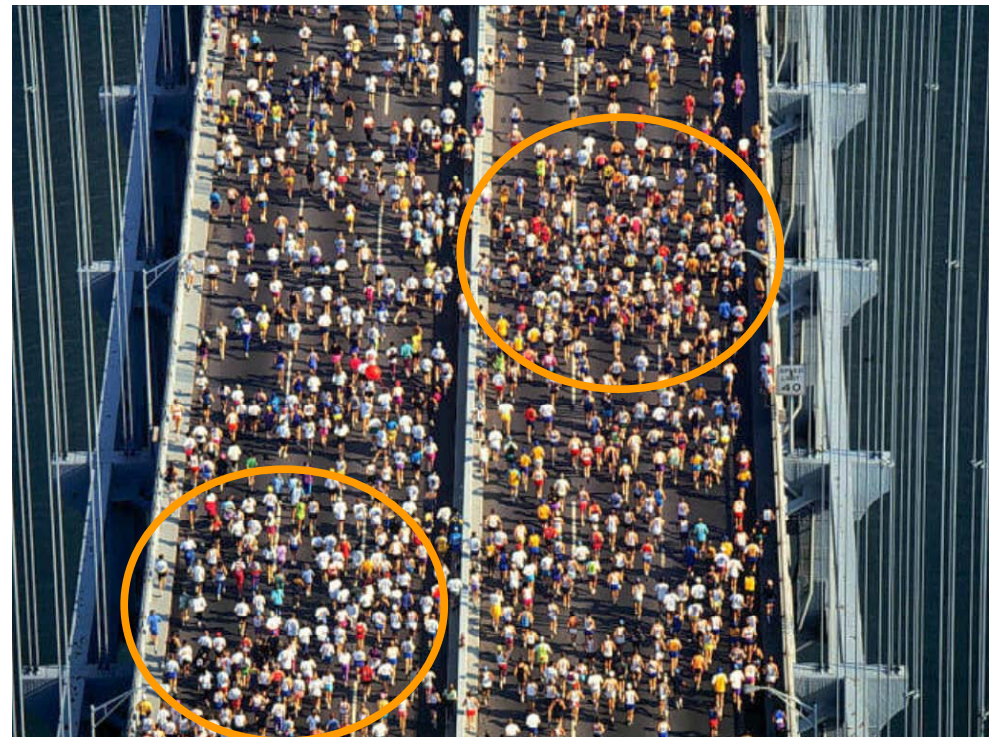
Dynamical model

Fluctuation? →

traffic jam?



Optimal Velocity  
(OV) model

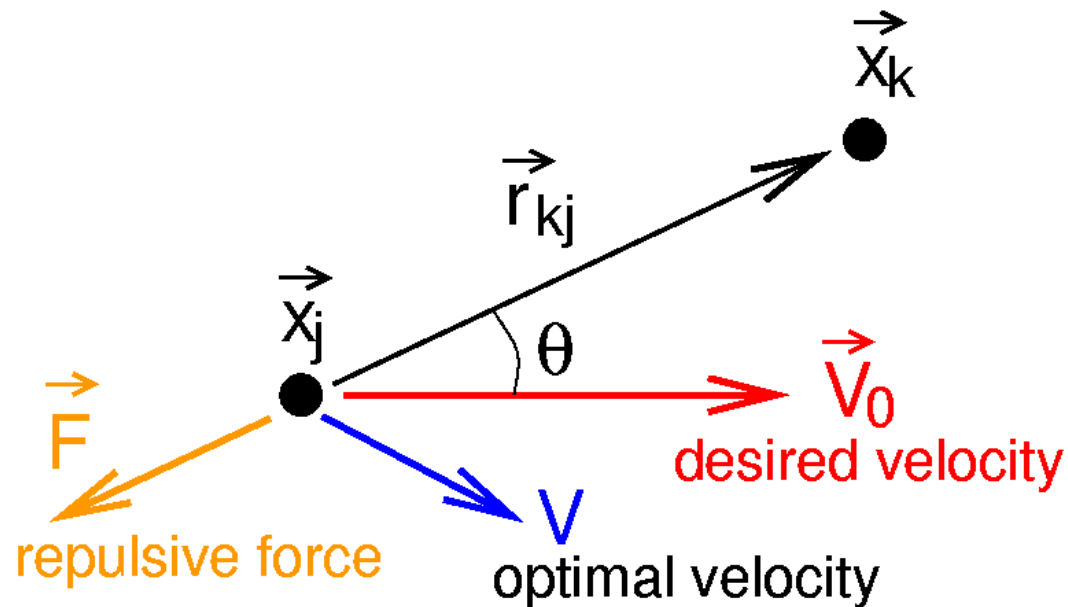


## 2-dim OV Model

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} \vec{x}_j(t) = a \left[ \underbrace{\left\{ \vec{V}_0 + \sum_k \vec{F}(\vec{r}_{kj}(t)) \right\}}_{\text{desired velocity}} - \frac{d}{dt} \vec{x}_j(t) \right]$$

$\vec{V}_0$  : desired velocity

$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_{kj})$  : repulsive / attractive interaction



OV function expresses repulsive / attractive interaction

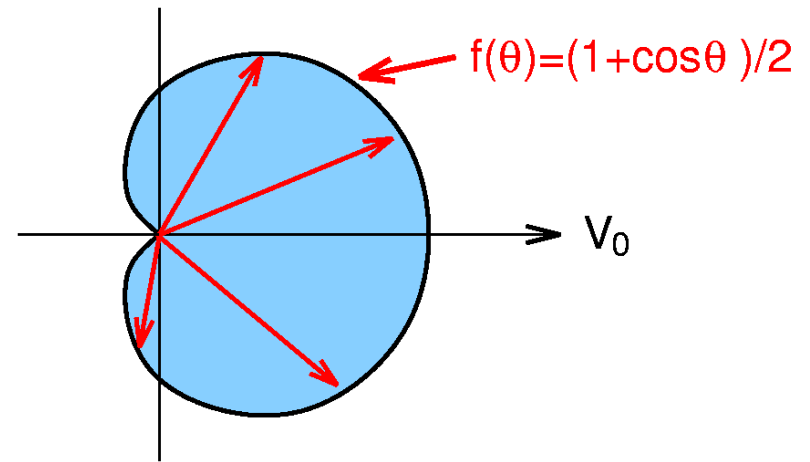
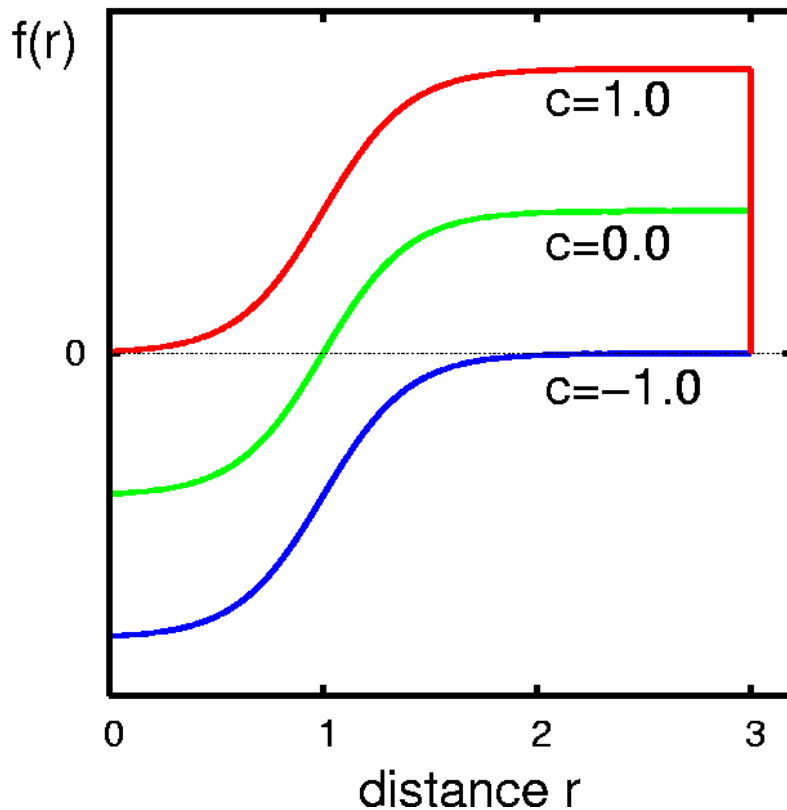
$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}_{kj}) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \tanh \beta(r_{kj} - b) + c \right] \frac{(1 + \cos \theta)}{2} \vec{n}_{kj}$$

distance dependence

angular dependence

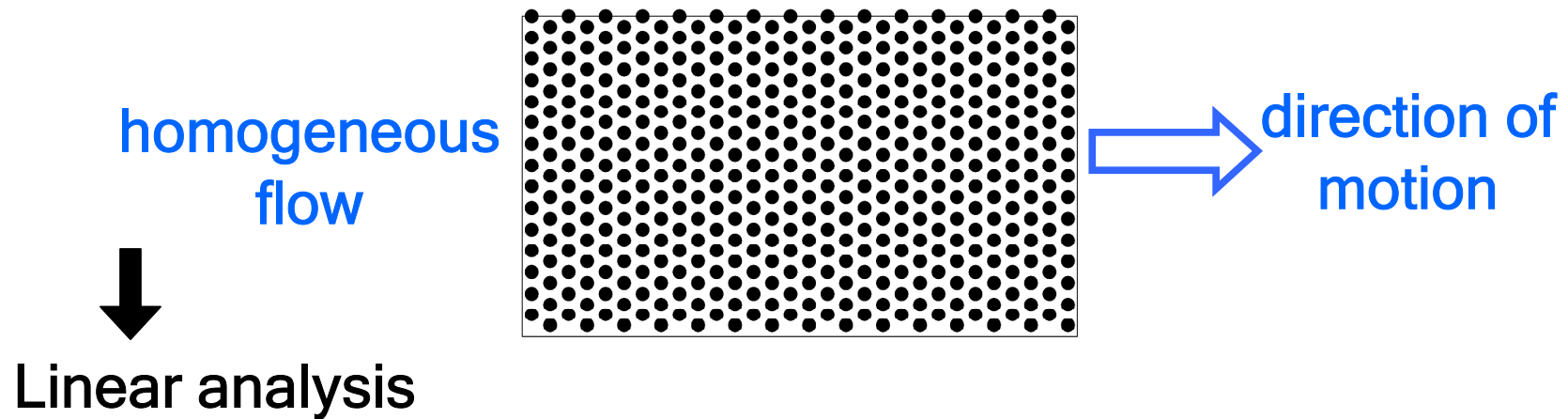
↑ attractive

↓ repulsive



$$\vec{n}_{kj} = \frac{\vec{r}_{kj}}{r_{kj}}, \quad r_{kj} = |\vec{r}_{kj}|$$

# Stability Condition of Homogeneous Flow



mode solution 
$$\begin{pmatrix} x_j \\ y_j \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \end{pmatrix} \exp[i\omega t + i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}]$$

Three types of modes

(a) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

longitudinal mode  
along X-axis

(b) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \epsilon \end{pmatrix}$$

transverse mode  
along X-axis

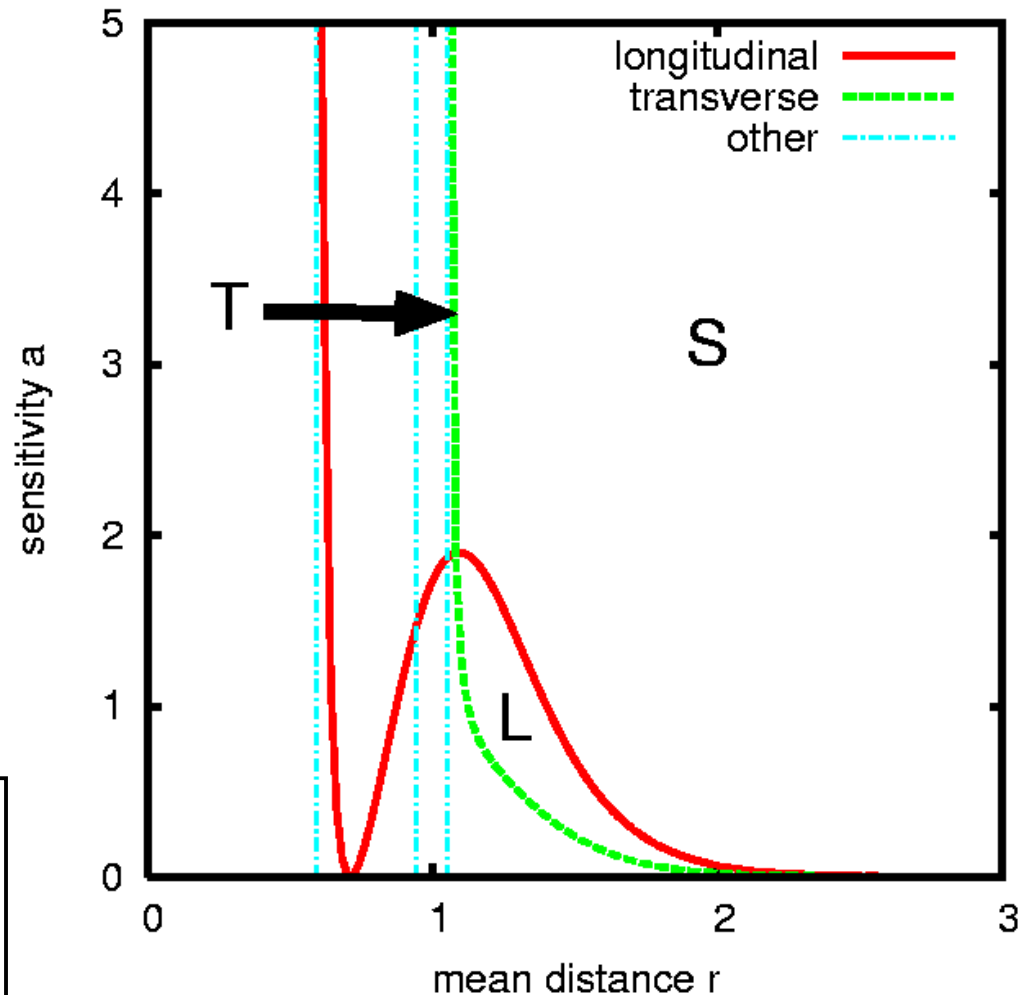
(c) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \epsilon \end{pmatrix}$$

elliptically  
polarized mode

Skip calculations. They are very long and complicated.

# Phase Diagram & Simulations

$c=-1$  : repulsive interaction only



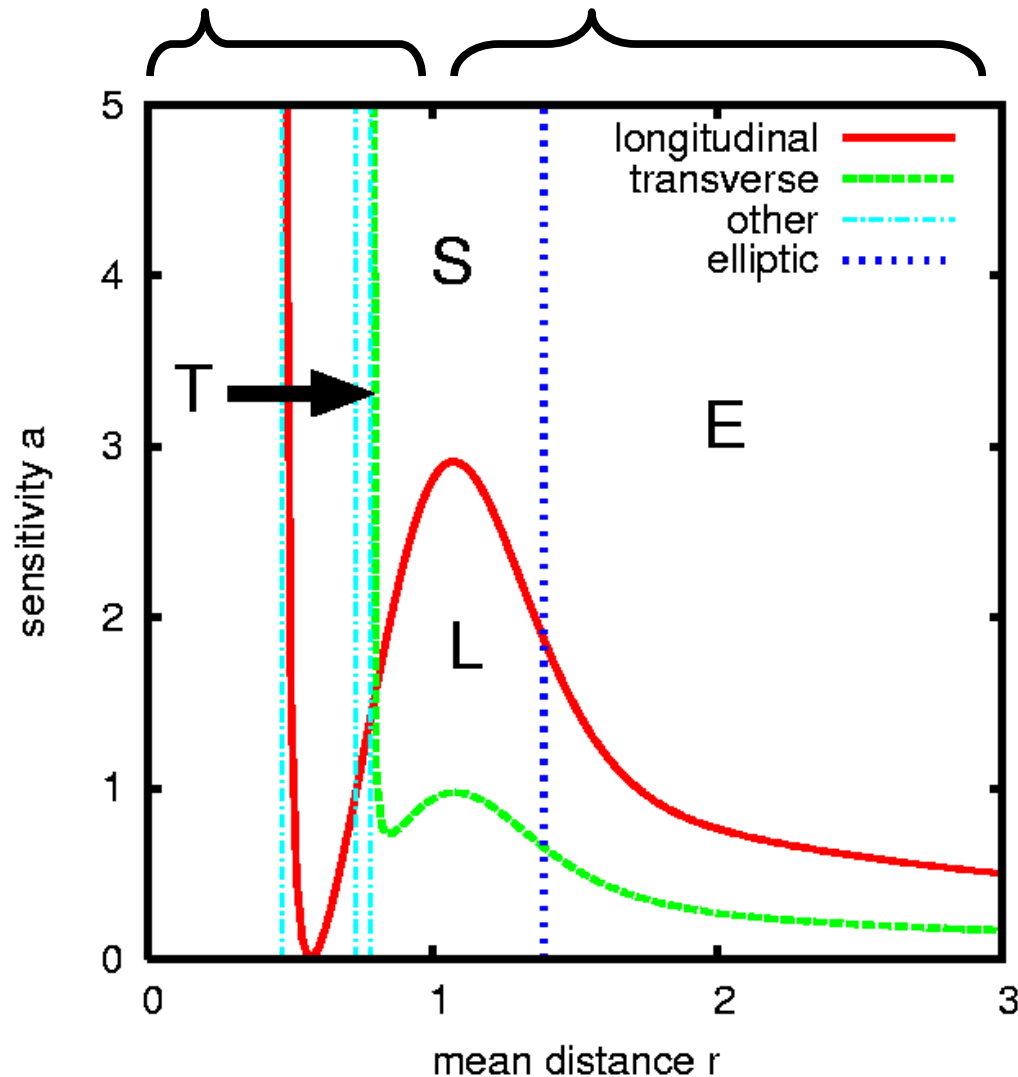
Transverse mode is unstable

Stable homogeneous flow

Longitudinal mode is unstable

# Phase Diagram & Simulations

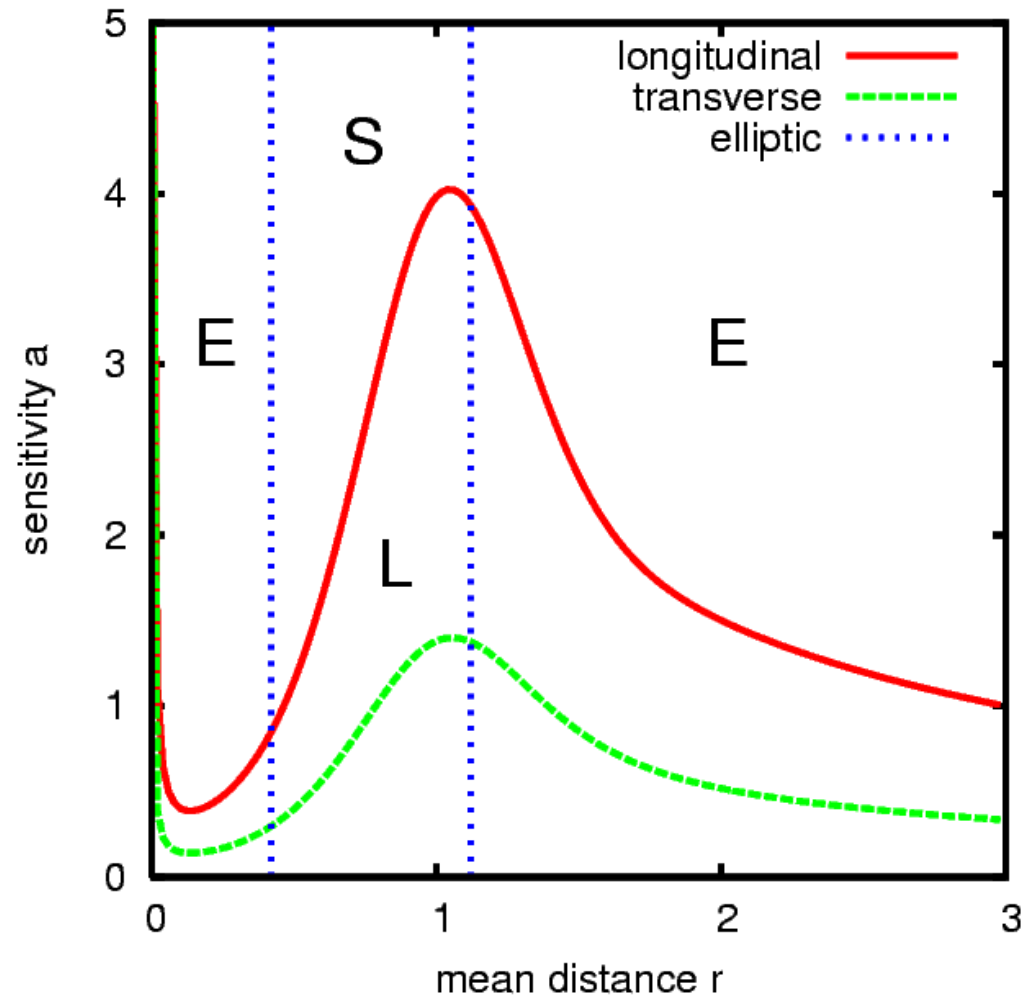
$c=0$  : both repulsive and attractive interaction



Elliptically polarized mode is unstable

# Phase Diagram & Simulations

$c=1$  : attractive interaction only

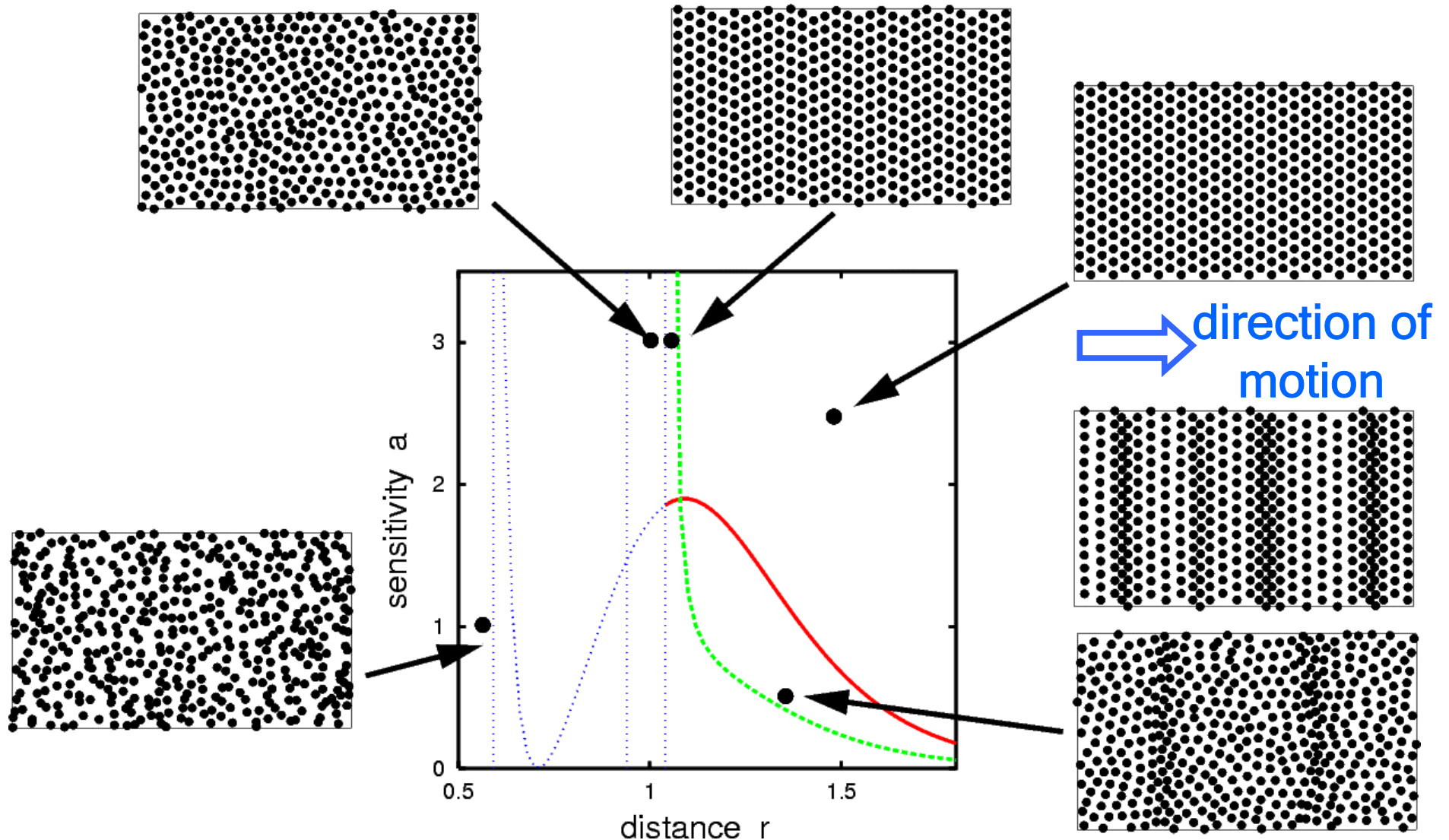


Analogy to spring  
"Stable region exists  
around the neutral  
point."  
is not valid.



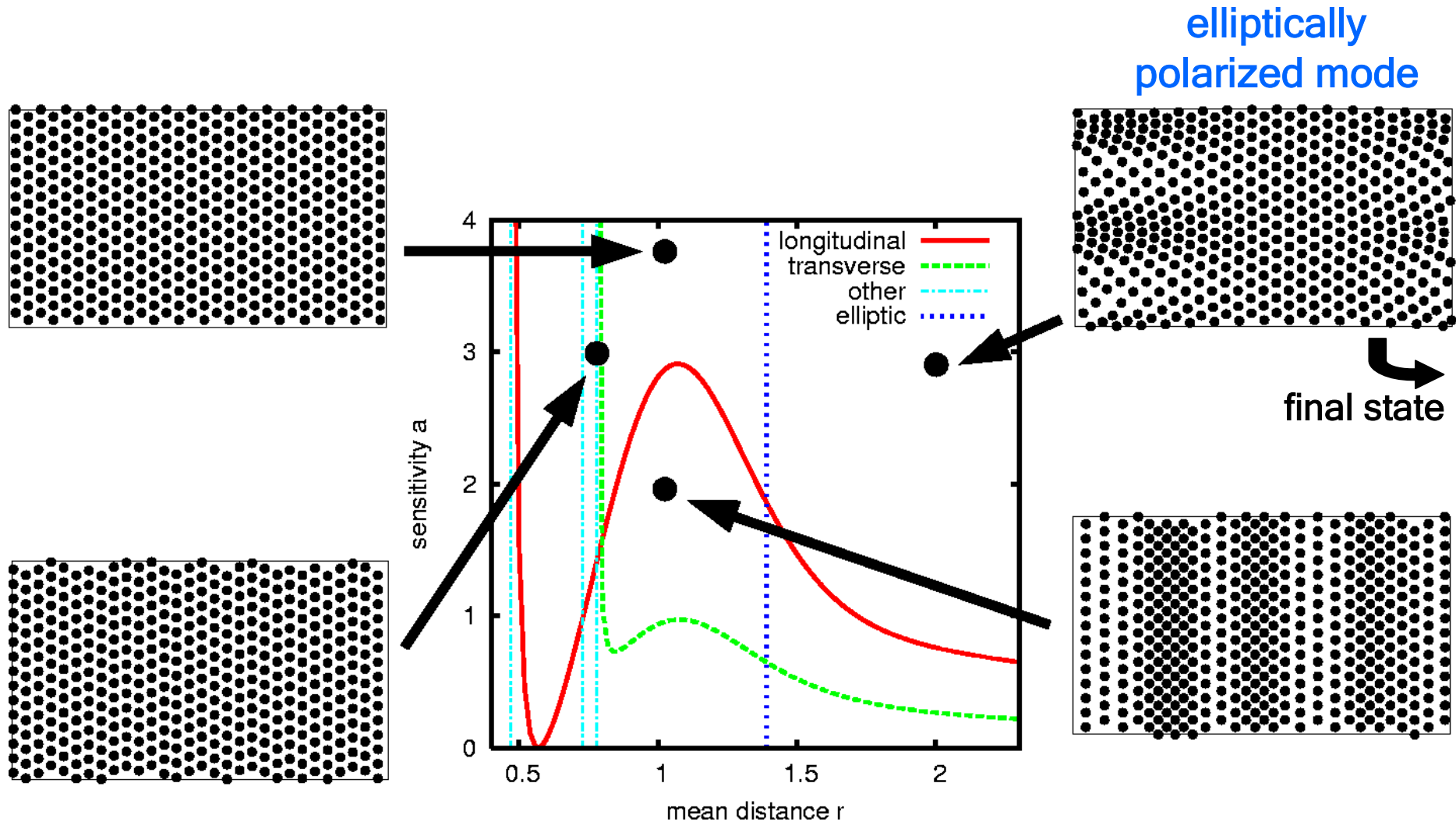
# Correspondence between linear analysis and simulation

$c=-1$  : repulsive interaction only



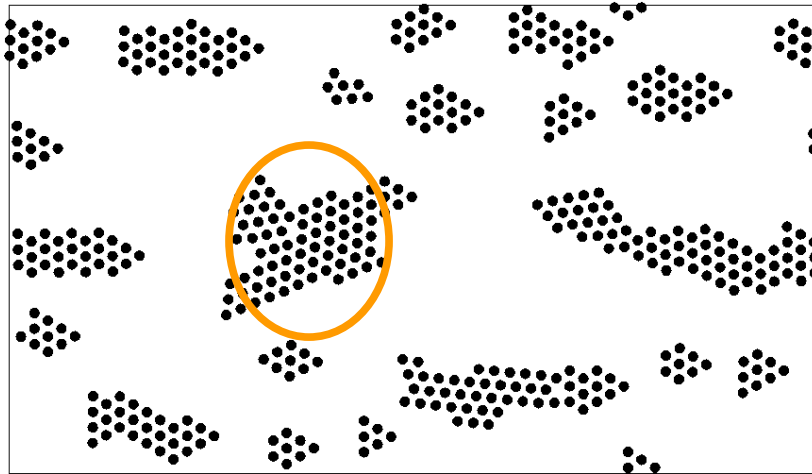
# Correspondence between linear analysis and simulation

$c=0$  : both repulsive and attractive interaction

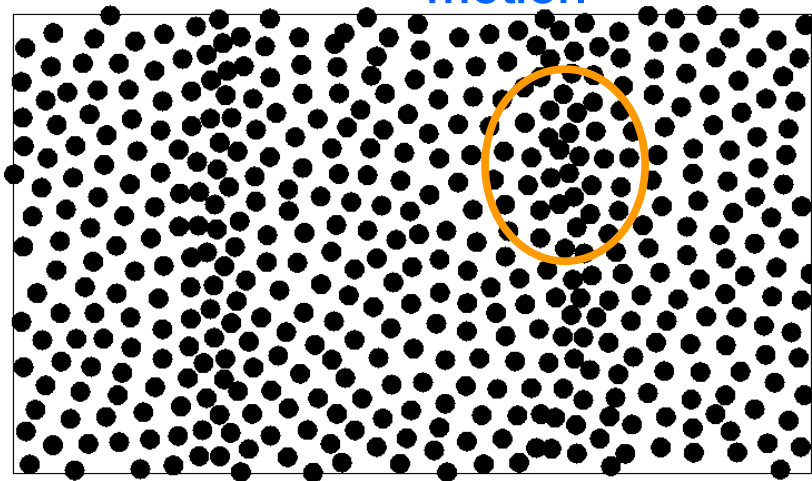


# Final state of simulation

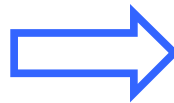
$c=0$



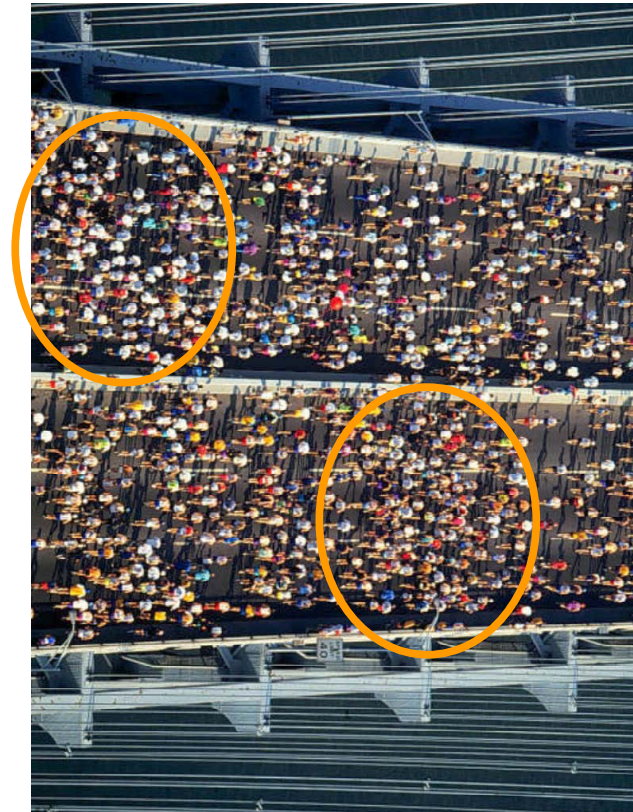
$c=-1$



direction of  
motion



?



# Summary

- We obtain phase diagrams in 2D OVM with attractive interaction.
- Attractive interaction breaks sparse homogeneous flow, even if it is small.
- There is a new phase due to the instability of elliptically polarized modes.

# Discussion

- Can collective bio-motion be understood in this framework?
- Final states depend on the detail of the model.  
What is the most realistic interaction? (Lenard-Jones?)
- 3D?

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## Reference

A.N, K.H and Y.S, Phy. Rev. E71, 036121, (2005).  
A.N, K.H and Y.S, in preparation.